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urban freight!



Outline



- Introduction
- The São Paulo Off Hours Delivery (OHD) Pilot
- Method
- Results







- OHD as an option to daytime deliveries
 - Positive impacts (Holguín-Veras et al. 2011, 2018)
 - Externalities:
 - Noise (Yannis et al. 2006)
 - Security (Noel et al. 1980)
 - Traffic accidents, congestion (Vasconcellos 2005)
- Delivery performance
 - Improvements: carriers and receivers
 - Quiroga 2000; Holguín-Veras et al. 2010, 2011, 2017; Stathoupulos 2011; Ljubicic Pavlovic 2015









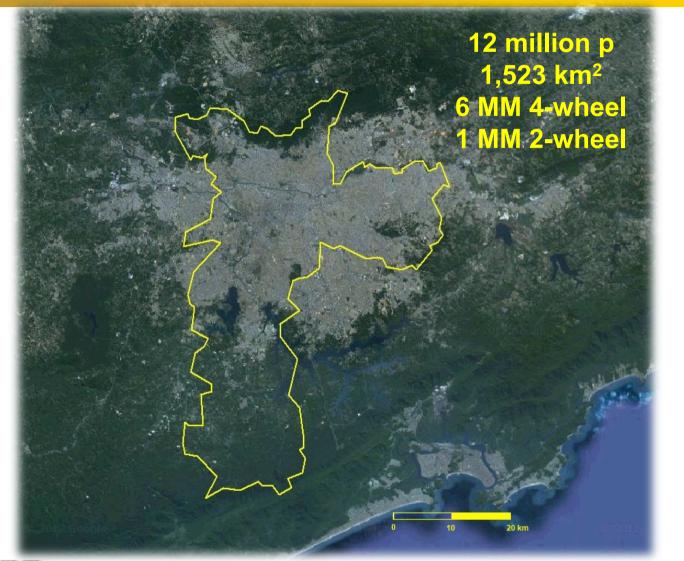
- Perception of OHD by logistics providers and receivers
 - Are OHD more efficient from an operational standpoint?
 - What are the main externalities associated to OHD?
- In the aftermath of São Paulo OHD pilot project of 2015.





Background: São Paulo City OHD pilot project







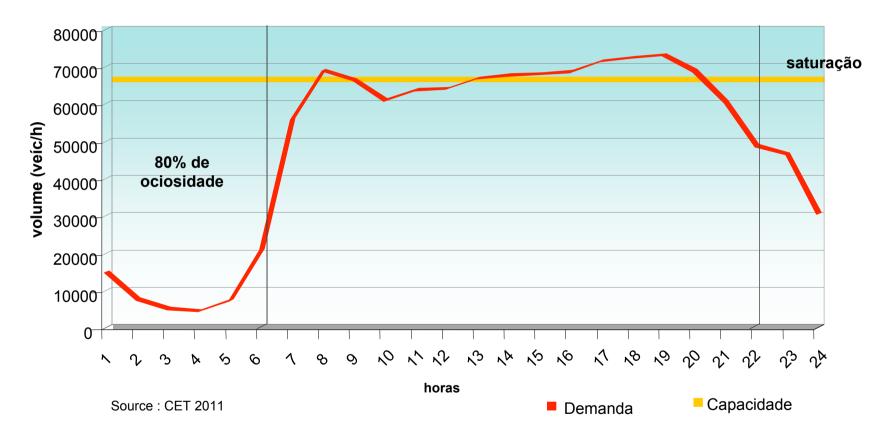


Source:GoogleMaps, IBGE, ANTT

Demand for infrastructure



Traffic Volume – Inner Belt

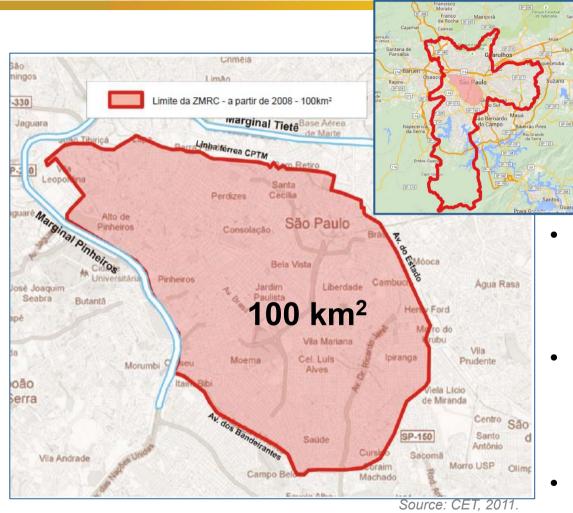






Background: ZMRC (truck ban zone)





Created in 1986:

- 1986: small cordon downtown
- 2007: 100 km²



Source: locatruck.com.br

- Restrictions
 - Mon Fri : 5am. to 09pm.
 - Sat: from 10am. to 02.pm
- Exception: VUCs can circulate anytime!
 - VUC: 4 ton (6,30 x 2,20 m)
- Authorities expected deliveries moving to the night





The consequences



- Congestion still
 levels
- Small truck an fleet skyrocket
- Deliveries rem during daytime hours



CISLOG 2012





Pilot timeline









The pilot project in São Paulo City



- Evaluate **night deliveries** as a freight policy
- Mixed task force: SP traffic authority, carrier syndicate, retailer association, academia
- Main concerns
 - Safety (people, cargo, property)
 - Noise

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- Productivity and costs
- 11 volunteer companies (big retailers)
 - No cash incentives
 - 45 establishments (stores)
 - 3 waves, from Oct 2014 to Mar 2015
 - Extensive use of GPS data for evaluation



Results and aftermath



- Pilot was a qualified success:
 - Safety and noise: no ocurrences
 - Productivity: higher speeds and smaller delivery times at night
 - Cost trade offs: better for integrated supply chains
- Mayor:
 - "Freight should be treated as public transportation, both deal with the city economic lifeblood."
 - Division of Freight Transportation created in August 2015
 - Official public policy
 - Larger, vertical companies (19)











Safety of people & operations were main concerns of all involved.

- Fact: no ocurrences during pilot perios (official SP police date)
- Safety conditions are very different between receivers
 - Larger stores, shopping malls x Small street stores
 - High risk goods x Low risk goods





Fonte: CISLOG 2015

Fonte: Google Maps 2015







Fact: no noise complaints (official SP Prefecture data)

- Every source has at least one countermeasure.
- Different supply chains, very different conditions.

QUIETER

NOISIER





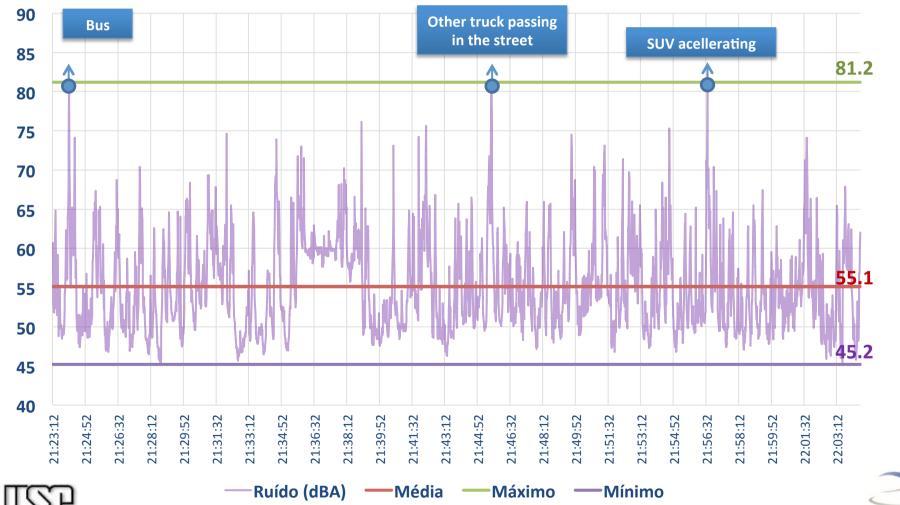


Noise (dBA)



CISLOG

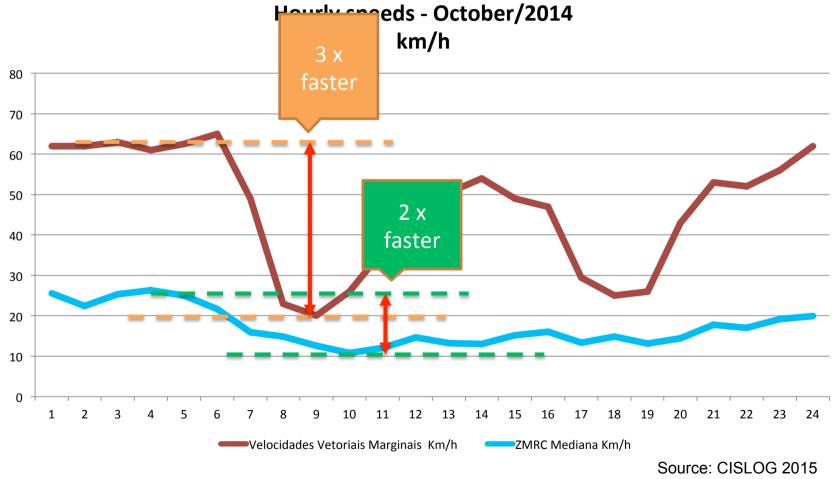
Example of noise profile





PRODUCTIVITY: Truck speeds









METHODOLOGY



- Survey following the OHD pilot
 - Oct/2014 Mar/2016
 - Questionnaire with face to face interviews
 - Operational level personnel
 - Actual experience with OHD
- Sample
 - 84 receivers, 17 different retailers (4 from OHD)
 - Grocers, pharmacies, house improvement, stationery
 - 100 drivers
- Multivariate statistics
 - Correspondence Analysis







	Route time (Hours/ Day)		Finding slots to parking (min)	
Measurements	Daytime	Overnight	Daytime	Overnight
Average	9.15	4.4	47.83	11.82
Median	9.5	4	40	15
Standard deviation	3.19	2.02	35.73	10.31









- 70% prefer driving at night
 - Security is an issue
- 71% more punctual at night
- 74% got fines
 - 60% parking tickets during the day (2/3 in ZMRC)
- 80% less stressed at night
 - Likert scale: 1,27 (night) vs 3,17 (day)









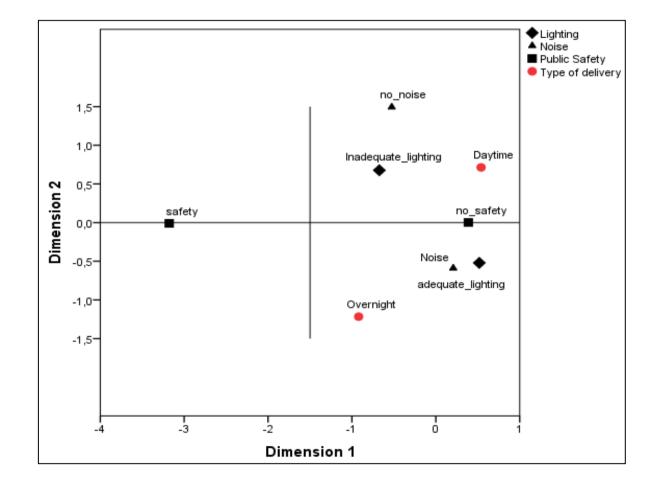
- 58% fell unsafe at night
- 39% complaints from OHD
- 63% stated that trucks are more punctual at night
- 73% stated that it is easier to confer and organize merchandise at night
- 65 % prefer to receive merchandise at night
 - Availability of public transportation at night





Hour preference x Problems: Drivers



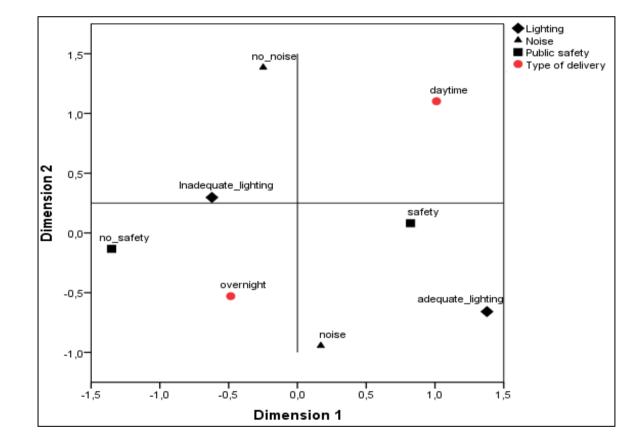






Hour preference x Problems: Receivers



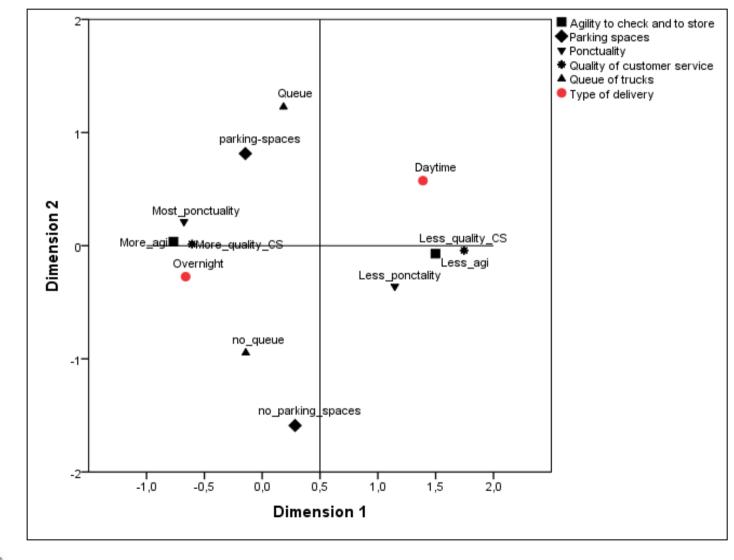






Hour x Logistics efficiency: Receivers









Conclusions



- Consistent with previous literature
- Security is big issue
 - Public infrastructure: lighting, parking space at night
 - Low risk merchandise at night
- Drivers
 - Looking for parking space in ZMRC during the day
- Receivers
 - Improvement of servisse quality





São Paulo OHD Pilot Project (2014-2015)



CISLOG

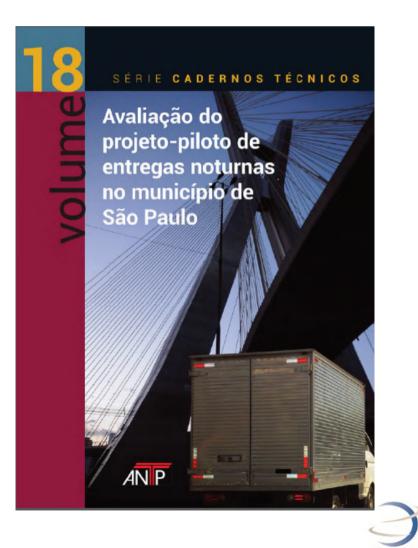
Yoshizaki et al (2018). The São Paulo Off-Hour Delivery Pilot: Impacts for City Logistics. In: Yoshizaki, Velazquéz-Martinez, Mejía-Argueta. Supply chain management and logistics in Latin America. Emerald.

-Also complete report at:

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http://www.antp.org.br/bibliotecavitrine/cadernos-tecnicos.html

* Webinar 13 at VREF SUFS website: //coe-sufs.org/wordpress/peer-topeer-exchange-program/ VREF CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR SUSTAINABLE URBAN FREIGHT SYSTEMS





THANK YOU!

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